



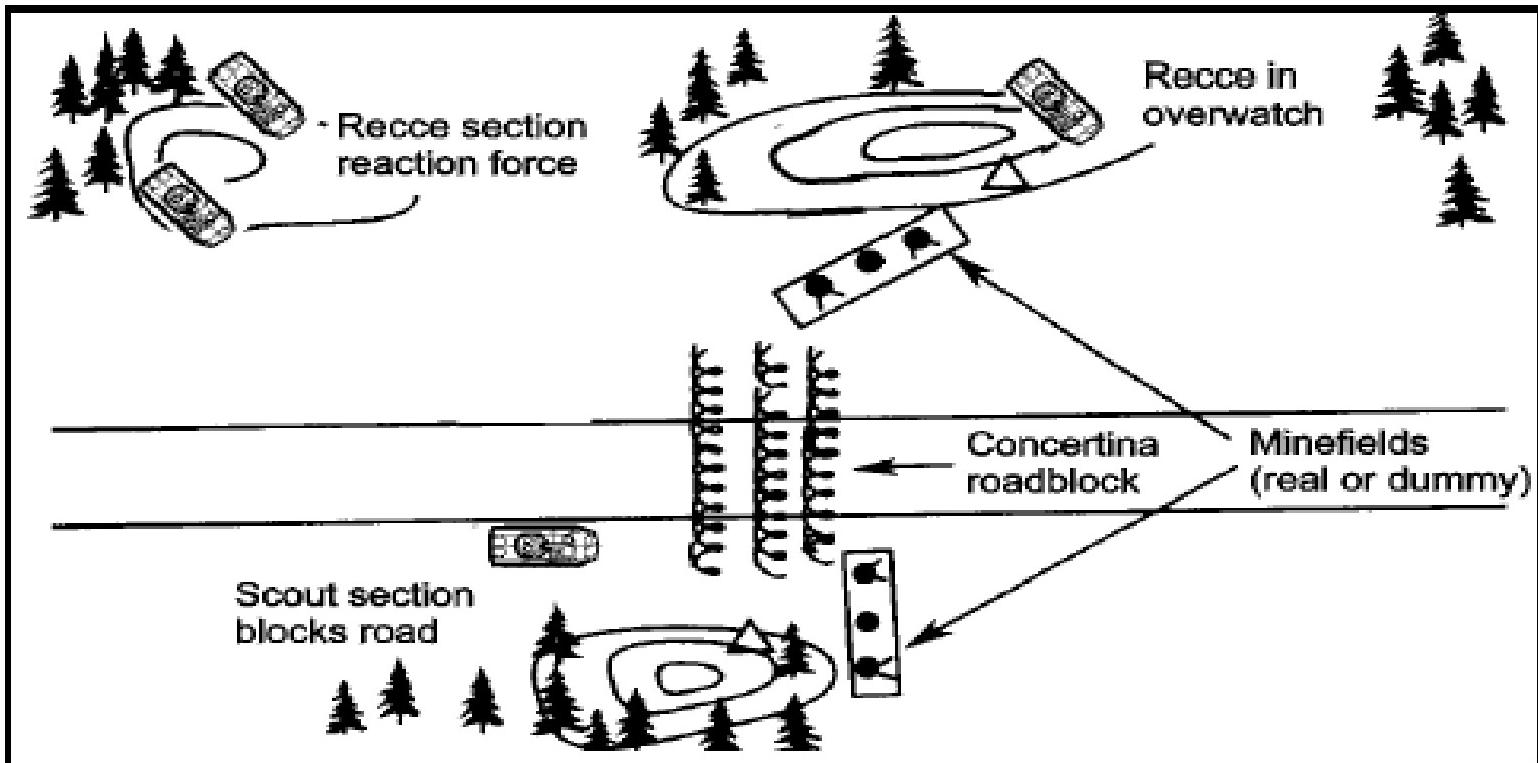
# **SECURITY OPERATIONS**



- Convoy security
- Checkpoints
- Roadblocks
- Searches of personnel and vehicles
- Cordon and search operations



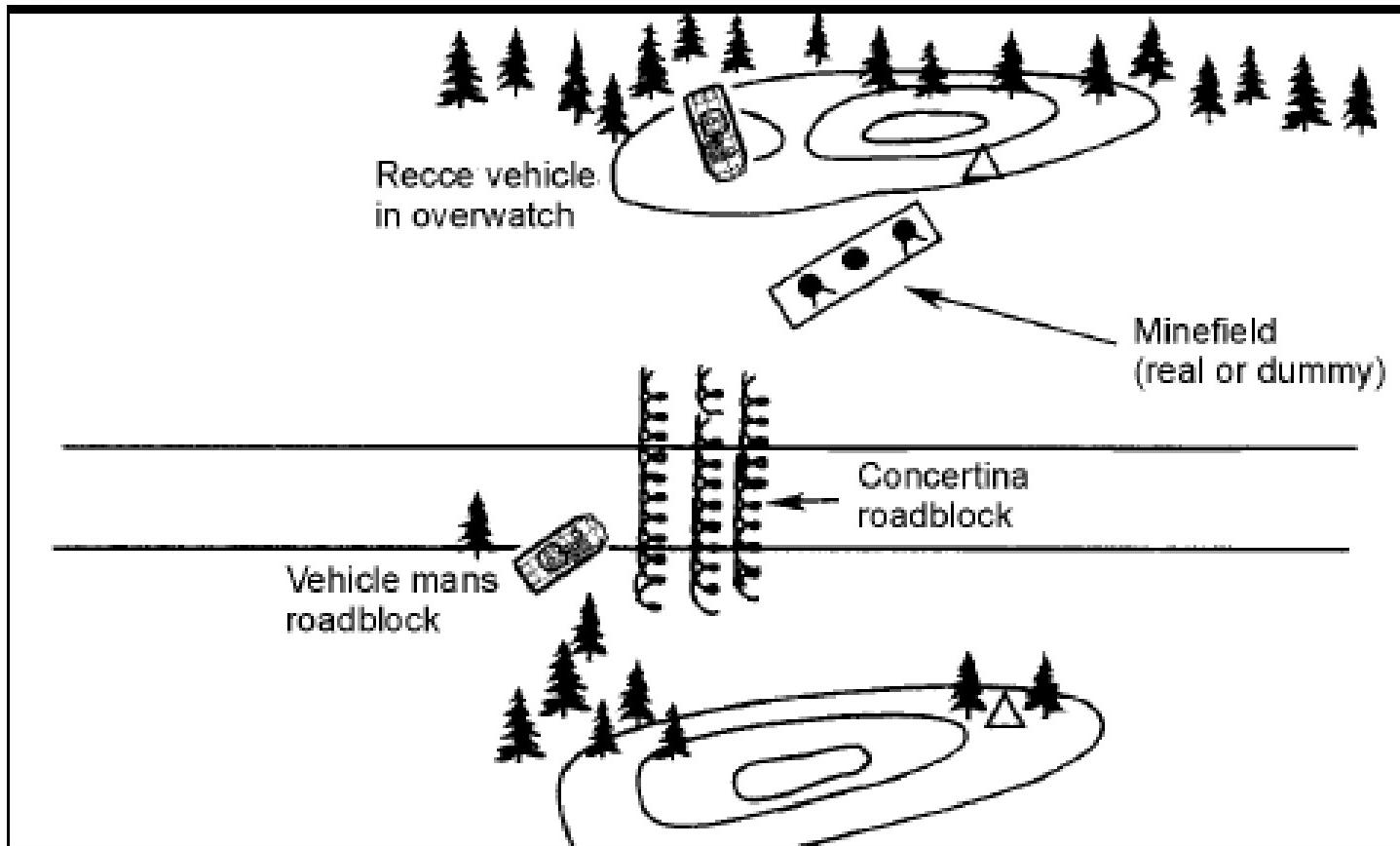
# RECONNAISSANCE (RECCE) PLATOON ROADBLOCK



**Figure D-4. Recce Platoon  
Roadblock**



# TWO-VEHICLE ROADBLOCK



**Figure D-5. Two-Vehicle Recce Section Roadblock**



# CONCERTINA WIRE ROADBLOCK

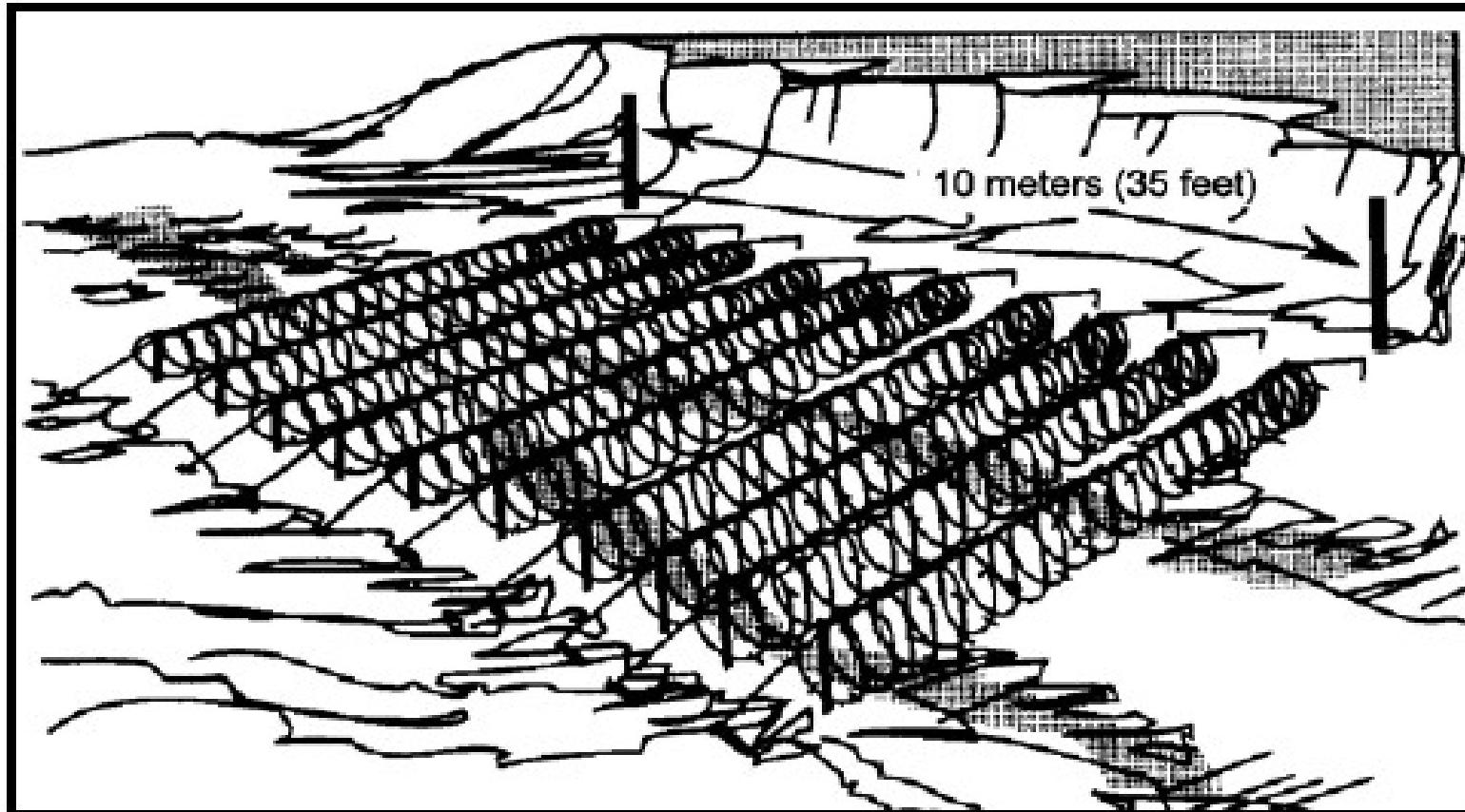
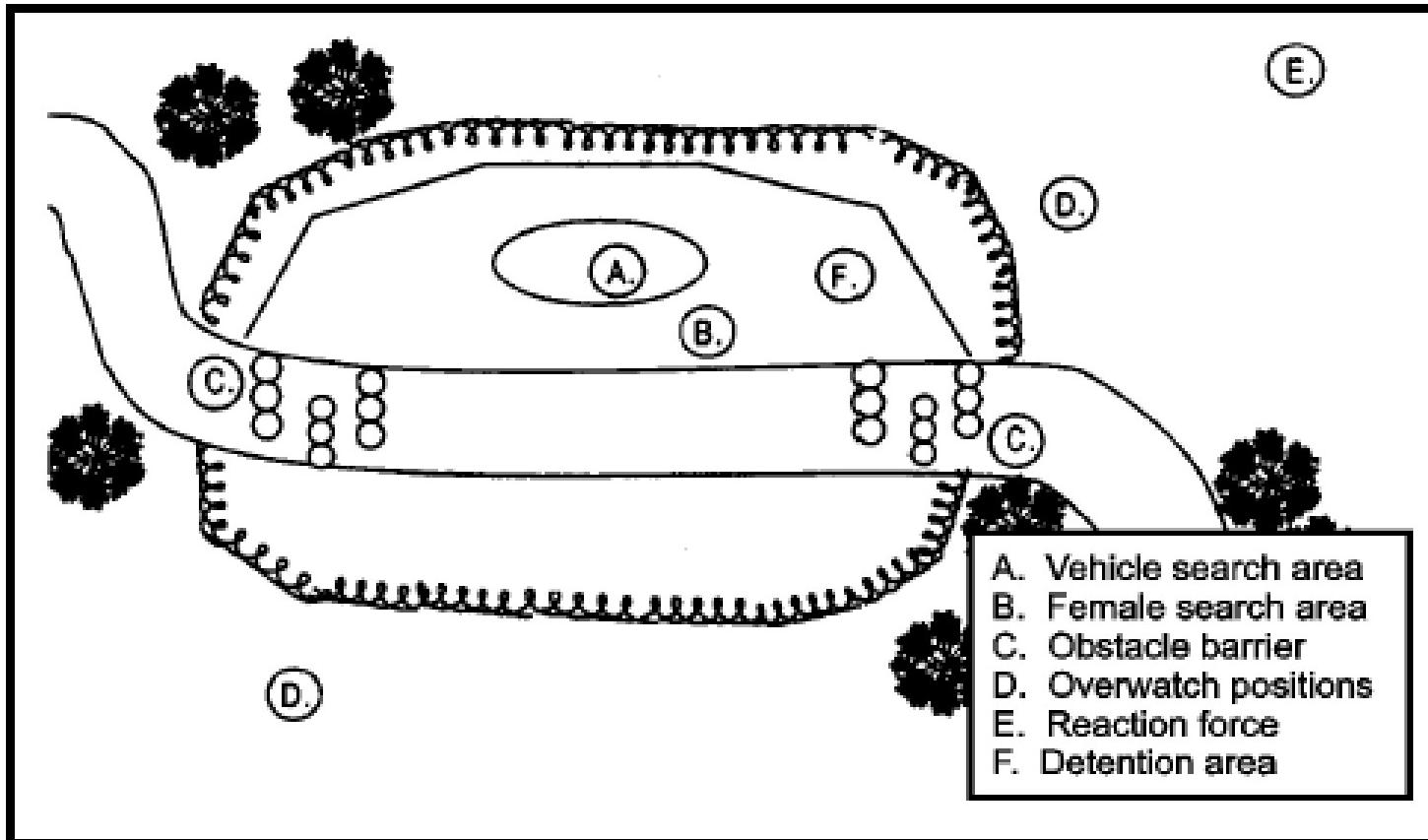


Figure D-6.



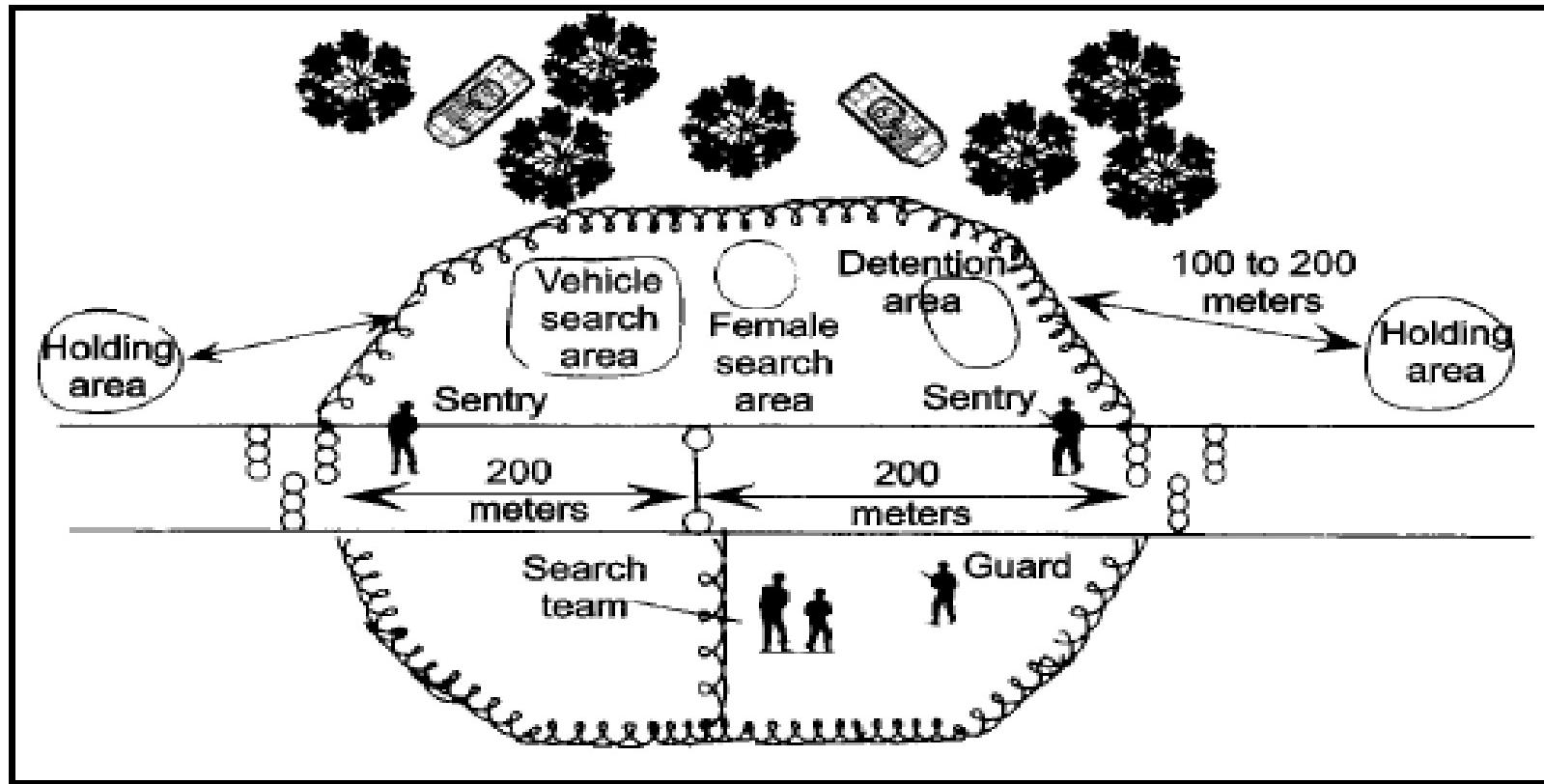
# **DELIBERATE CHECKPOINT**



**Figure D-7. Deliberate Checkpoint Organization**



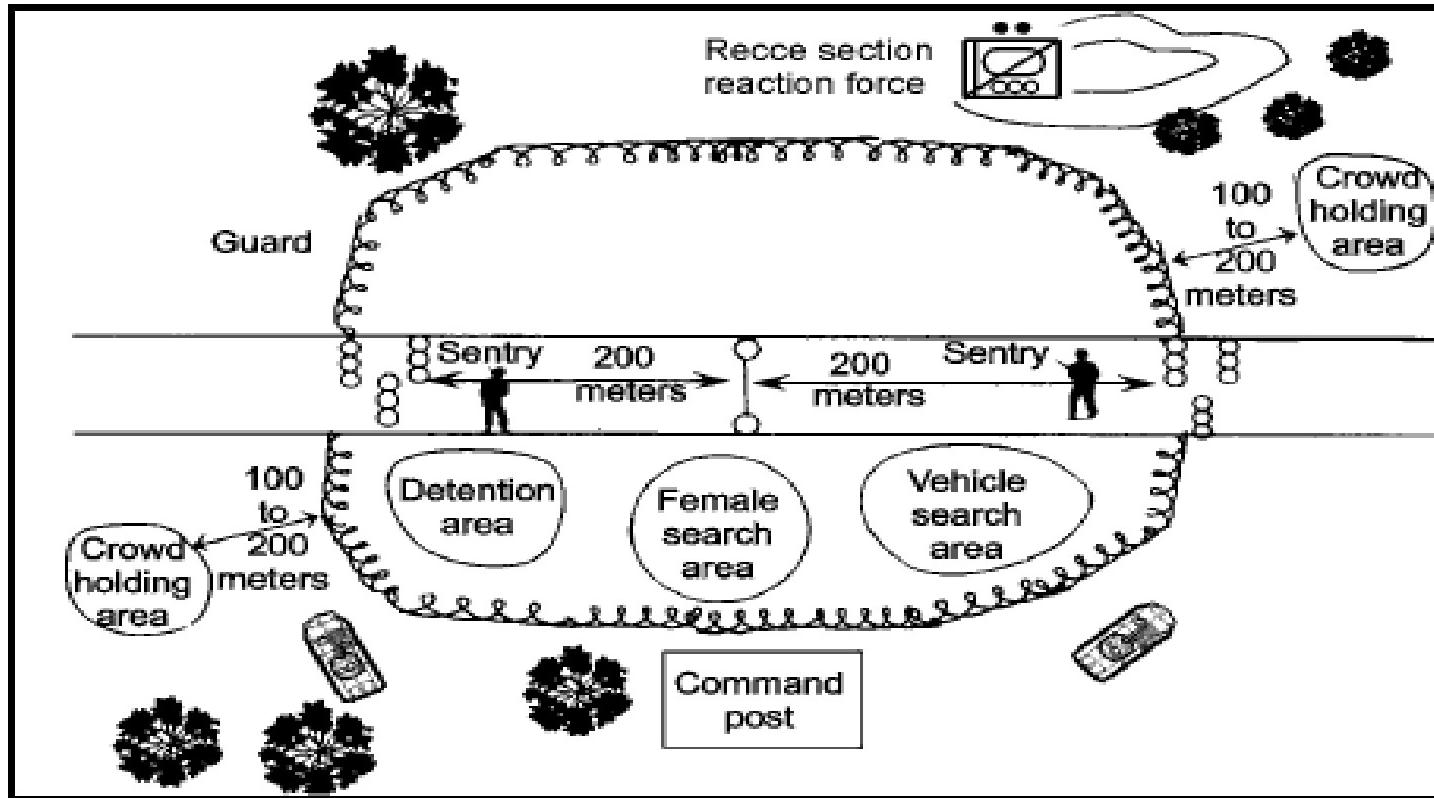
# **LIGHT TRAFFIC CHECKPOINT**



**Reconnaissance Section Manning a Light  
Traffic Checkpoint**



# HEAVY TRAFFIC CHECKPOINT



**Figure D-9. Recce Platoon Manning a Heavy Traffic Checkpoint**



## **OTHER PERSONNEL**



- A civil affairs officer, a liaison officer, or a member of the civilian police or other local authority.
- An interpreter.
- A trained female searcher.



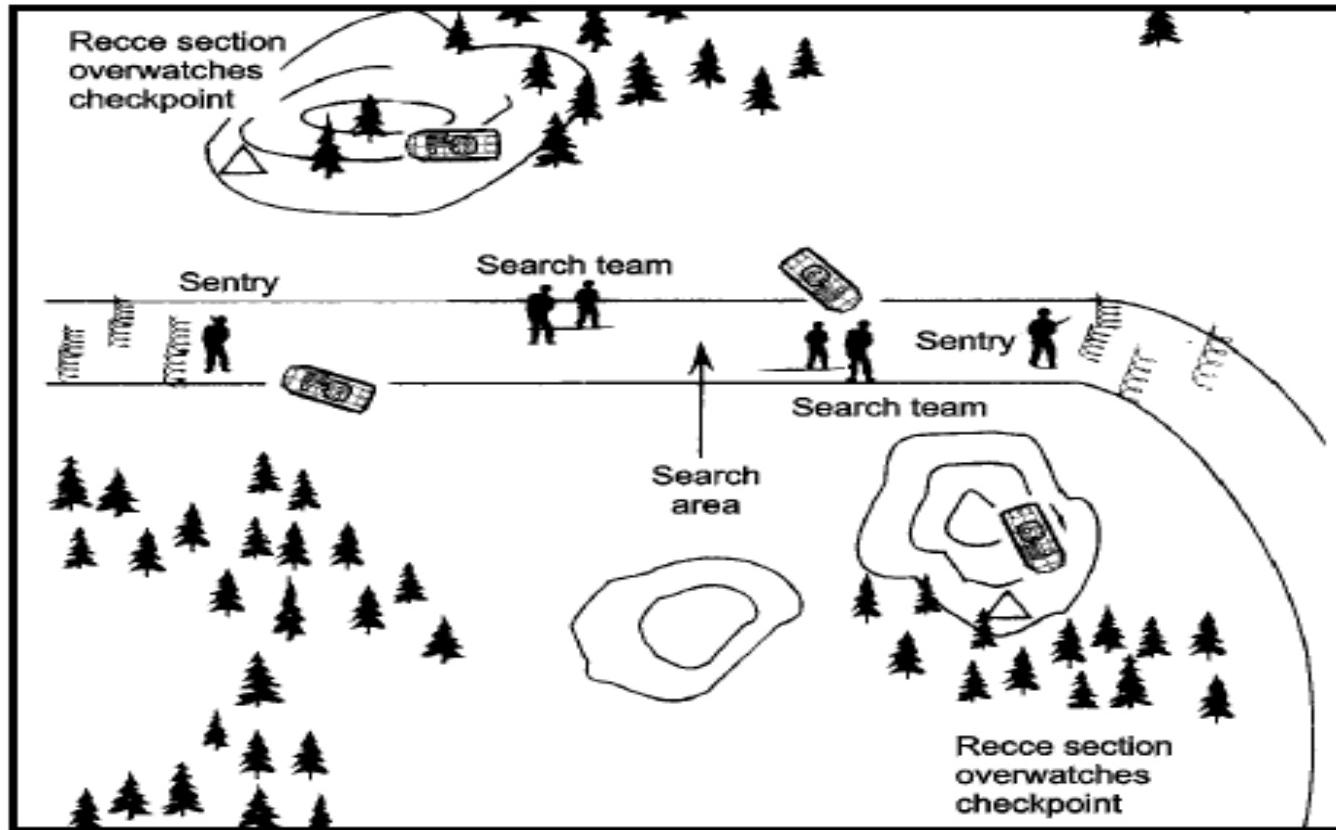
# EQUIPMENT LIST FOR ROADBLOCKS AND CHECKPOINTS



GENERAL	ROADBLOCKS/ CHECKPOINTS	SEARCHES
<p>Pyrotechnic pistols Riot guns Tear gas launchers Hand-held flashlights Antiriot helmets Shields, 3-ft 6-in Shields, 6-ft Police batons Handcuffs Body armor Marshaling wands Telescopes and tripods Binoculars Infrared devices Loudspeakers Fire extinguisher Cameras with flash attachments and tripods Telescopic sights Photographic filter Instant cameras Whistles Hand-held radios (for use in urban areas)</p>	<p>Portable lamp/lights Marker lights Traffic cones Traffic signs Visor sleeves Tire puncture chains Directional arrows Lightweight barriers Mirrors</p>	<p>Ladders Flashlights Picks/shovels Wrecking bars Hand tools, fluorescent (hammers, pliers, screwdrivers) Rope Magnets Telescopic mirror Axe Mine markers Helmets White tape Mine detectors Eye shields Measuring tape Metal-cutting tools Chisels Knives Saws Mine probes Safety harness</p>



# HASTY CHECKPOINT



## Recce Platoon Manning a Hasty Checkpoint



# SITUATION AND POSSIBLE RESPONSES



## SITUATION

- Diversions covering the efforts to sneak or rush through the checkpoint, such as:
  - Sniper attack.
  - Ambulance arriving at checkpoint, with sirens blaring.
  - Staged fights or riots near the checkpoints.
- Sniper fire.
- Thrown projectiles.
- Imminent harm.
- Civilian casualty.
- Drive-by shooting.

## POSSIBLE RESPONSES

- Close the checkpoint; rapidly emplace barricades to stop and contain both vehicular and pedestrian traffic in and around the checkpoint.
- Use reaction force to handle situations outside checkpoint so that checkpoint personnel do not have to leave it.
- Remain calm; report to higher headquarters.
- Take cover.
- Employ smoke.
- Protect wounded.
- Identify location of sniper.
- Report.
- Respond in accordance with ROE.
- Maintain standoff.
- Protect self and others.
- Do not throw objects back.
- Report.
- Respond with force in accordance with ROE.
- Protect self and others.
- Use force in accordance with ROE.
- Report.
- Provide first aid.
- Report; request MEDEVAC.
- Take cover.
- Report.
- Respond with force in accordance with ROE.



# **CONDUCT OF THE SEARCH**



- Personnel, vehicles, and/or items allowed to pass through the checkpoint.
- Personnel and/or vehicles not allowed to pass through the checkpoint.
- Procedures for detaining vehicles or personnel.
- Items to be confiscated.



# ***DOs and DON'Ts OF SEARCH OPERATIONS***



## **DO take these actions during a search operation:**

- Maintain professional, courteous demeanor when approaching the vehicle and talking to the driver.
- Speak only to the driver; let him speak to the passengers.
- Ask the driver politely to do what you want him to do.
- Speak naturally and no louder than needed.
- When searching an individual, be courteous. Use scanners whenever possible.
- Whatever happens at the checkpoint, stay calm and make a special effort to be polite, regardless of your feelings.
- Always maintain a high standard of dress and military bearing. If you look smart and professional, people are more likely to accept your authority and be willing to cooperate.
- Contact your checkpoint commander whenever necessary.
- Maintain situational awareness at all times.
- Maintain strict security at all times.

## **DO NOT take these actions during a search operation:**

- Show disrespect or give any hint of dislike.
- Speak to women regardless of their age.
- Put your head or arm in through the side window or open the door without permission.
- Shout or show impatience.
- Frisk women or tell them to put their hands up.
- Point your weapon directly at people unless essential for security reasons.
- Become involved in a heated argument.
- Use force unless force is used against you. Use the minimum force necessary.
- Become careless or sloppy in appearance.
- Establish a routine pattern of operations. This will allow the enemy to take advantage of the checkpoint operations.



# VEHICLE SEARCHES



SEARCH PATTERN	RATE (veh/hr/lane)	TIME (per vehicle)
None	600-800	-
Vehicle Decal ID Check	400-600	10 sec
Driver ID Check	200-400	20 sec
Visual Observation of Passengers and Cargo Area	150-300	25 sec
Basic Physical and Visual Search of Passengers and Cargo Area	50-150	1.2 min
Comprehensive Vehicle Search	12-24	5 min



# EXAMPLE OF VEHICLE SEARCH PROCEDURES



## SITUATION

Weapons or explosives may be hidden in vehicle fuel tanks or inside components of vehicles.

Weapons, explosives, and combatants may be sealed in hearses and ambulances with bodies or wounded civilians.

Females may be used to smuggle weapons and explosives.

## RESPONSE

Look for newly replaced vehicle components, scratches on vehicle components, new nuts and bolts, or other signs of recent work.

Treat these vehicles with respect, but search them and their contents thoroughly, including caskets. Do not disturb bodies. Have medics verify wounds.

Male soldiers should not touch females; use female searchers or metal or mine detectors whenever possible. Use medical personnel if no female searchers are available.



# 360-DEGREE SECURITY

